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Maine Hunting and Trapping Regulations Summary, 1983-1984

Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife

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MAINE

HUNTING AND TRAPPING REGULATIONS SUMMARY 1983-1984

Effective through August 1984 or until replaced
(This is only a summary and is not law as printed.)

**MAINE DEPARTMENT OF
INLAND FISHERIES AND WILDLIFE
284 STATE STREET
STATE HOUSE STATION 41
AUGUSTA, MAINE 04333**

DEPARTMENT OF INLAND FISHERIES AND WILDLIFE

GLENN H. MANUEL, Commissioner
NORMAN E. TRASK, Deputy Commissioner

Members of Commissioner's Advisory Council

NATHAN COHEN, Eastport
DENNIS L. SMITH, Otter Creek
RODNEY W. ROSS, Brownville
DR. ALVA APPLEBY, Skowhegan
FRANCIS D. DUNN, Patten
MARC PLOURDE, Eagle Lake
CARROLL YORK, West Forks
ROBERT E. MOORE, Casco

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PHONE NUMBERS YOU MIGHT NEED

GAME WARDEN HEADQUARTERS

Ashland	435-3231	or	(toll free) 1-800-322-4011
Augusta	289-2175	or	(toll free) 1-800-322-3606
Bangor	947-5211	or	(toll free) 1-800-332-2033
Gray	657-2345	or	(toll free) 1-800-322-1333
Greenville	695-3756	or	(toll free) 1-800-322-9844

If you are unable to locate a warden at one of the above headquarters, contact either the Department office in Augusta (289-2766) or the nearest State Police barracks.

Regional Wildlife Biologists can usually be contacted at the numbers listed above with the following exceptions:

Augusta	289-2536	Machias	255-3266
Enfield	732-3234	Strong	778-3324

STATE POLICE TOLL FREE NUMBERS

Augusta		Houlton	1-800-432-7384
Skowhegan	1-800-452-4664	Orono	1-800-432-7381
Thomaston		Scarboro	1-800-482-0730

HUNTER CHECK STATIONS

We suggest that whether you are successful or not, you stop in at one of the Department's deer hunter check stations (which are not registration stations). Our wildlife biologists collect information which is valuable in determining regional deer herd productivity, condition and sex and age ratios. You will receive facts and figures from last year's season, and the information you provide will be a basis for management decisions to be made next year.

HARASSMENT OF HUNTERS AND TRAPPERS

A new Maine law makes it illegal for any person to willfully interfere with the lawful hunting or trapping of any wild animal or wild bird, including the willful disturbance of wild animals or wild birds with intent to interfere with their lawful taking. (Note: This new statute does not limit the ownership use, access or control of property rights otherwise provided by law).

HUNTING SEASONS

ALL DATES ARE INCLUSIVE UNLESS THEY FALL ON A SUNDAY

SPECIES	HUNTING DATES	
DEER	FIRST DAY	LAST DAY
Firearm Season, Northern Zone	Oct. 31*	Nov. 26
Firearm Season, Southern Zone	Nov. 7*	Nov. 26
Special Archery Season, Northern Zone	Oct. 1	Oct. 28
Special Archery Season, Southern Zone	Oct. 1	Nov. 4
BEAR	Sept. 1	Nov. 30
RUFFED GROUSE and PHEASANT	Oct. 1	Nov. 30
SPRUCE GROUSE	NO OPEN SEASON	
• RABBIT (Cottontail & Snowshoe Hare)	Oct. 1	Mar. 31
GRAY SQUIRREL	Oct. 1	Nov. 30
RACCOON	Oct. 28	Dec. 4
FOX: Northern Zone** Southern Zone**	Oct. 20 Oct. 28	Feb. 15 Feb. 15
BOBCAT	Dec. 1	Feb. 29
LYNX	NO OPEN SEASON	
COYOTE	NO CLOSED SEASON	
SKUNK	Oct. 20	Dec. 15
WOODCHUCK, PORCUPINE and RED SQUIRREL	NO CLOSED SEASON	
CROW (split season)	Mar. 14 July 16	Apr. 30 Sept. 29

•**No hunting of snowshoe hare within the Town of Vinalhaven Knox County, until October 1, 1984.**

Note: Except for migratory game birds, there is no **general** hunting season on any species of bird or animal which is not listed in the above chart. (See page 8 for information on moose hunting.)

* Saturday before this date is open to deer hunting for Maine residents only.

** Same as deer hunting zones.

BAG LIMITS

SPECIES	DAILY BAG LIMIT	POSSESSION LIMIT
•DEER	One may be taken annually	
BEAR	One may be taken annually (either by hunting or trapping)	
RUFFED GROUSE	4	8
PHEASANT	2	4
RABBIT (Cottontail & Snowshoe Hare)	4	8
GRAY SQUIRREL	4	8
Other Legal Species	No limit on the number which may be taken	

•ANTLERLESS DEER ARE PROTECTED IN CERTAIN AREAS — SEE NEXT 3 PAGES.

Note: All deer and bear must be registered at a game registration station.

TRAPPING SEASONS (ALL DATES INCLUSIVE)

SPECIES	TRAPPING DATES	
	FIRST DAY	LAST DAY
BEAR	Sept. 1	Oct. 31
BOBCAT, COYOTE, FISHER, FOX, MARTEN, RACCOON, SKUNK, WEASEL, MINK, MUSKRAT,** OTTER**: Northern Zone* Southern Zone*	Oct. 20 Oct. 28	Dec. 4* Dec. 4*
BEAVER	Dec., Jan., Feb.*** (unless shortened, lengthened or closed)	

•After Nov. 30 it is unlawful to trap above ground level or snow.

Note: There is no open trapping season on any species of animal which is not listed in the above chart.

*Same as deer hunting zones.

**Licensed trappers may lawfully possess any muskrat or otter taken by accident in a legal beaver set.

***Beaver trapping seasons are set by wildlife management unit, and season lengths may vary. A complete list of the beaver trapping seasons, including closed areas, is available upon request.

**THE ONLY
HUNTING
ALLOWED
IN THE
NORTHERN ZONE
FROM
SEPTEMBER 19
TO 24 IS
MOOSE HUNTING
BY
SPECIAL PERMIT**

MAINE 1983 DEER HUNTING SEASONS

Northern Zone

Firearms (all hunters): Oct. 31 - Nov. 26

Maine residents only: Saturday, Oct. 29

Special archery season: Oct. 1 - Oct. 28

Southern Zone

Firearms (all hunters): Nov. 7 - Nov. 26

Maine residents only: Saturday, Nov. 5

Special archery season: Oct. 1 - Nov. 4

NORTH/SOUTH ZONE LINE: Canadian Pacific tracks

NOTE: In two portions of the Southern Zone (Eastern District and Western District), only deer with a minimum antler length of three (3) inches may be taken during the firearm season, including resident-only day. This restriction does not apply during the special archery season.

NORTH

JACKMAN

Millinocket

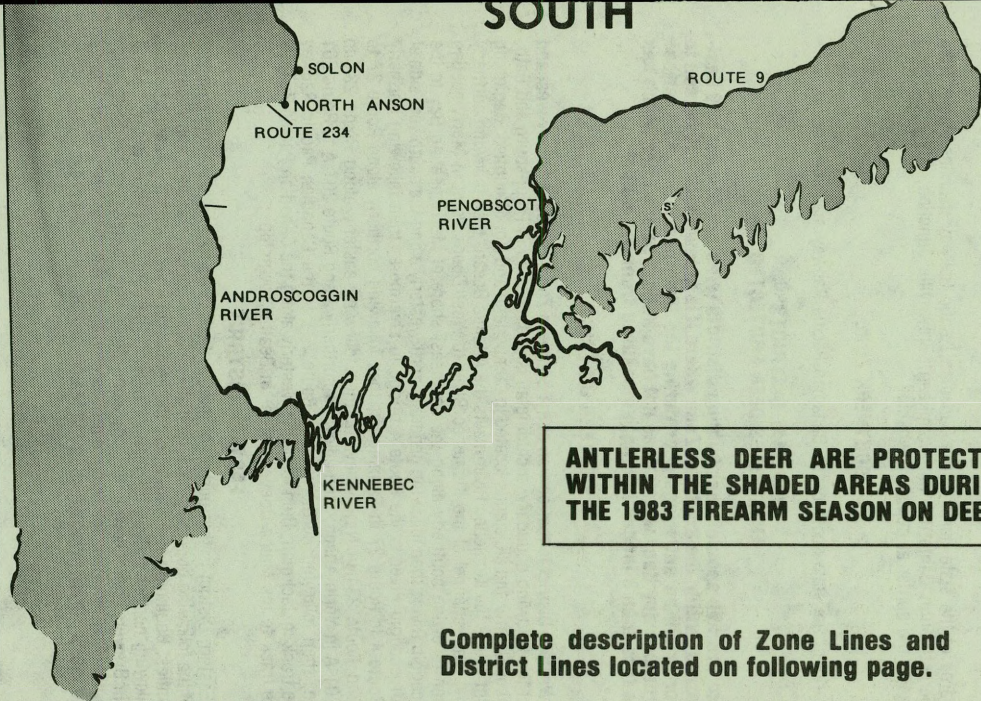
GREENVILLE

Lincoln

VANCEBORO

CANADIAN
PACIFIC
RAILWAY

SOUTH



**ANTLERLESS DEER ARE PROTECTED
WITHIN THE SHADED AREAS DURING
THE 1983 FIREARM SEASON ON DEER.**

**Complete description of Zone Lines and
District Lines located on following page.**

DEER HUNTING ZONES AND DISTRICTS

NORTHERN ZONE

The area of the state north of the Canadian Pacific Railway mainline tracks from Vanceboro through Danforth, Mattawamkeag, Brownville Junction, Greenville, and Jackman to the border at Beattie Township.

SOUTHERN ZONE

The area of the state south of the Canadian Pacific Railway mainline tracks.

***SPECIAL DISTRICTS* ANTLERLESS DEER PROTECTED**

There are two special deer hunting districts (Western District and Eastern District) within the Southern Zone where it is unlawful for any person to hunt for or kill an antlerless deer during the firearm season. "Antlerless deer" means any deer which does not have antlers or any deer which has antlers less than 3 inches in length measured from the skull.

WESTERN DISTRICT

The Western District is that portion of the Southern Zone located generally west and south of the following boundary, including all islands located in Phippsburg and Bath, Sagadahoc County and all islands located in Cumberland and York Counties: Beginning at a point where the Kennebec River meets the Atlantic Ocean; then following northerly along the main channel of the Kennebec River to West Chops Point in Merrymeeting Bay; then following southerly along the southeast shore of Merrymeeting Bay to the Androscoggin River; then following generally northwesterly along the southwest side of the Androscoggin River to the Route 4 bridge in Livermore; then following northerly along Route 4 to Route 27 in Farmington; then following northerly along Route 27 to eastbound Route 234 in New Vineyard; then following easterly along Route 234 to Route 201-A in North Anson; then following northerly along Route 201-A to Route 201 in Solon; then following northerly along Route 201 to the Canadian Pacific Railway mainline track in Jackman; then following westerly along the Canadian Pacific Railway mainline track to the Maine-Quebec border in Beattie Township.

EASTERN DISTRICT

The Eastern District is that portion of the Southern Zone located generally east and south of the following boundary, including all islands located in Hancock and Washington Counties: Beginning at a point where the Penobscot River meets the Atlantic Ocean; then following northerly along the main channel of the Penobscot River to the Route 9 bridge in Brewer; then following easterly along Route 9 to Stoney Brook in Baileyville, Washington County; then following northeasterly along the main channel of Stoney Brook to the St. Croix River which is the Maine-New Brunswick border.

MOOSE HUNTING SEASON

The legislature has given the Commissioner of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife the authority to establish an annual open season on moose, not to exceed 6 days in length, in that portion of the State north of the Canadian Pacific Railroad mainline which runs from Vanceboro through Brownville to the Quebec Border near Jackman. Up to 1,000 permits may be issued each year, no more than 10% of which may be issued to non-residents. Applicants must be selected at a public chance drawing.

Whether or not Maine moose hunts will take place in the future depends on the outcome of a moose hunting question which will appear on the referendum ballot on November 8, 1983. If the referendum passes, the Commissioner's authority to establish future moose hunting seasons will be eliminated.

NOTICE — ALL HUNTERS

During the 1983 moose hunting season, the hunting of other wildlife within the moose hunting district is prohibited.

SPECIAL COYOTE SEASON

A recently enacted law provides that licensed hunters may obtain a free permit from the department to hunt coyotes at night during the months of January and February under the following conditions:

- a. Hunting is limited to the hours between ½ hour after sunset and 9:00 P.M., and to the hours between 4:00 A.M. and ½ hour before sunrise.
- b. Hunting is limited to the use of shotguns only.
- c. Hunting is limited to ice covered bodies of water and to areas where the ground is completely covered with snow.
- d. Hunting may not take place within 100 yards of a motor vehicle.
- e. Hunters must be in possession of an electronic, hand-held or mouth-operated predator calling device.

LAWS PERTAINING TO LICENSES AND PERMITS

ALIEN means a person who is not a citizen of the United States.

NONRESIDENT means a person who does not fall within the definition of Resident, below.

RESIDENT means a citizen of the U.S. who has been domiciled in this State continuously during the 3 months next prior to the date on which he applies for any license, or an alien who has been so domiciled for one year. No person shall be considered a resident if he has not:

- a. If registered to vote, registered in Maine;
- b. If licensed to drive a motor vehicle, made application for a Maine motor vehicle license;
- c. If owning a motor vehicle or vehicles located within the State, registered each such vehicle in Maine; and
- d. Complied with the state income tax laws.

1. HUNTING LICENSE: A person is required to obtain a valid hunting license prior to hunting wild birds or wild animals.

- a. A person is required to keep his hunting license with him while hunting or transporting wild game and must show it to any warden, Department employee, guide or landowner upon request.
- b. Possession of a firearm in the fields or forests or on the waters or ice of the State without a hunting license is prima facie evidence of hunting in violation of law.
- c. Maine residents are required to obtain hunting licenses from the town clerk in the town in which they live or, if they live in an unorganized township, from the town clerk or agent in the nearest town. (Note: It is the responsibility of the applicant to submit proof of residency.)
- d. Nonresidents may obtain hunting licenses — in person or by mail — from the Department office in Augusta or from any of the numerous nonresident license agents throughout the State.
- e. A Maine resident may hunt without a license on his own land if he lives on that particular piece of land, and the piece of land exceeds 10 acres in size and is used exclusively for agricultural purposes.

2. PHEASANT STAMP: Any person 16 years of age or older is required to obtain a pheasant stamp prior to hunting pheasants.

- a. A person is required to validate the stamp by writing his signature across the face of the stamp in ink.
- b. A person is required to have his pheasant stamp with him in order to hunt or possess pheasants.

3. ARCHERY LICENSE: An archery license allows bow and arrow hunting of legal game throughout the year. (Note: A regular hunting license also allows bow and arrow hunting EXCEPT that during the special archery season on deer an archery license is required to hunt any legal species with bow and arrow).

4. OTHER HUNTING LICENSE PROVISIONS:

- a. A resident license to hunt or fish will be issued to any person who is serving in the U.S. Armed Forces and is permanently stationed at a military base in Maine (includes spouse and children if they permanently reside with that person).
- b. A resident license to hunt or fish will be issued to any citizen of a foreign nation under 21 years of age who is living with a family in Maine in connection with any cultural or educational exchange program.
- c. A special combination license to hunt and fish will be issued at a fee of \$5. to any Maine resident who is on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces (includes spouse and dependent children).

5. COMPLIMENTARY LICENSES (obtainable only at the Department office in Augusta):

- a. A free license to hunt, fish or trap will be issued, upon application, to any Maine resident who is 70 years of age or older.
- b. A free license to hunt, fish or trap will be issued, upon application, to any Maine Indian who is a member of the Passamaquoddy, Penobscot, Maliseet or Micmac tribe.
- c. A free license to hunt or fish will be issued, upon application, to any Maine resident who is a war veteran, has served in a combat zone and has a service connected disability of 75% or more.
- d. A free license to hunt or fish will be issued, upon application, to Maine residents or nonresidents (if reciprocal privileges exist in the home state of the nonresident) who are suffering from paraplegia or from the loss, or loss of use, of both lower extremities.

6. TRAPPING LICENSE:

- a. A person is required to obtain a valid trapping license prior to setting or tending traps for wild animals. A license is also required when assisting another person in setting or tending traps.
- b. A Maine resident may trap wild animals, except beaver, without a license on his own land within an organized township if he lives on that particular piece of land and uses the land exclusively for agricultural purposes.
- c. Trapping licenses are valid from July 1st of one year to June 30th of the following year.
- d. Renewal forms will be mailed to trappers who were licensed the previous year. Others must apply for licenses through the Department office in Augusta.

7. GUIDE'S LICENSE:

- a. Any person who receives any form of remuneration for his services in accompanying or assisting others while hunting, fishing, trapping, boating, snowmobiling or camping is required to have a guide's license.
- b. No person may act as a guide until he is 18 years of age.
- c. Any person who wishes to become licensed as a guide must submit an application to the Commissioner on forms provided by the Department.
- d. Any person who has not previously been licensed as a Maine guide will be required to pass an examination before a Board of Examiners.
- e. Qualified applicants may be licensed as guides in either general or specialized classifications.

8. OTHER LICENSES (Obtainable at the Department office in Augusta):

- a. **HIDE DEALER'S LICENSE** (Valid from July 1 to June 30) — Any person who commercially buys, sells or barter any raw, untanned wild animal hide or head is required to have a hide dealer's license. A license is also required when assisting another person in this activity. (Note: This license is not required in order for a person to sell the head or hide of a deer, moose, bear or furbearing animal which he has legally taken).
- b. **TAXIDERMIST LICENSE** (Valid from July 1 to June 30) — A taxidermist license will be issued to any applicant who is skilled in the art of taxidermy. This license allows a person to possess, at his place of business, lawfully taken fish or wildlife for the sole purpose of preparing and mounting them.
- c. **FALCONRY LICENSE** — A falconry license, in addition to a regular hunting license, is required of persons who engage in falconry. The fee for a falconry license is \$15. Copies of the regulations pertaining to this type of hunting are available upon request.

9. LICENSE EXPIRATION: Unless otherwise specifically provided, all licenses and permits expire on December 31st of the calendar year for which they were issued.

10. UNLAWFUL CONDUCT: It is unlawful to obtain any license or permit through misstatement or misrepresentation or to possess any license or permit which has been altered, mutilated or tampered with in any manner.

11. LICENSE REVOCATION: In addition to any penalty which may be imposed by a court of law, the Commissioner may revoke the license of any person convicted of violating the fish and wildlife laws.

12. FURTHER INFORMATION CONCERNING LICENSES: For further information concerning any of the licenses or permits issued by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife please contact the Department Licensing Division in Augusta. The phone number there is 289-2043 (Area Code 207).

UPLAND GAME, MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS AND FURBEARING ANIMALS

The following shall be considered upland game:

Cottontail rabbit and snowshoe hare
Gray squirrel and red squirrel
Ring necked pheasant

Ruffed grouse and spruce grouse
Wild turkey
Woodchuck

(Note: **No** open season on wild turkey and spruce grouse).

The following shall be considered migratory game birds:

Anatidae or waterfowl, including brant, wild ducks, geese and swans; Gruidae or cranes, including little brown, sandhill and whooping cranes; Rallidae or rails, including coots, gallinules and sora and other rails; Limicolae or shorebirds, including avocets, curlew, dowitchers, godwits, knots, oyster catchers, phalaropes, plover, sandpipers, snipe, stilts, surf birds, turnstones, willet, woodcock and yellowlegs; Columbidae or pigeons, including doves and wild pigeons.

(Note: Migratory bird hunting regulations are located in a separate publication which is printed in September).

The following shall be considered fur-bearing animals:

Beaver
Bobcat
Canada Lynx

Coyote
Fisher
Fox
Marten (sable)

Mink
Muskrat
Opossum
Otter

Raccoon
Skunk
Weasel

(Note: **No** open season on canada lynx and opossum. No open **hunting** season on beaver, fisher, marten, mink, muskrat, otter and weasel).

DISTURBING TRAPS

It is a violation of law for a person to take or disturb any trap or any wild animal found caught in any trap without the consent of the trap owner. A land owner is entitled to remove traps found on his property if permission to trap has not been granted.

Any person convicted of disturbing traps, in addition to any penalty which may be imposed by a court of law, will not be eligible to purchase any license issued by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife for a period of three years.

GENERAL HUNTING PROVISIONS

TO HUNT means to hunt for, pursue, molest, shoot, catch, take, kill, wound or destroy wild birds and wild animals.

SUNRISE and **SUNSET** means the time computed and established for sunrise and sunset for Augusta, Maine, by the Nautical Almanac Office of the United States Naval Observatory, converted to the legal standard of time in force in this State on that day. A table is printed in this booklet.

WILD ANIMAL or **WILD BIRD** means a species of mammal or bird which is wild by nature, whether or not bred or reared in captivity and includes any physical part of that species or animal or bird.

1. Closed season. There is a closed season for the hunting of any species of wild animal or wild bird for which an open hunting season is not specifically provided.

2. Closed season violation. It is unlawful to hunt any wild animal or wild bird during the closed season on that species or possess any wild animal or wild bird taken during the closed season on that species.

3. Unlawful conduct. It is unlawful to hunt, possess or transport any wild animal or wild bird, or parts thereof, except as provided in the fish and wildlife laws.

4. Eagles. It is unlawful to hunt or possess any eagle.

5. Night hunting and twilight hunting. It is unlawful to hunt wild **birds** from sunset to ½ hour before sunrise. It is unlawful to hunt wild **animals** from ½ hour after sunset until ½ hour before sunrise, except raccoons. During the open firearm season on deer all hunting must cease at sunset, except raccoon hunting.

6. Raccoon hunting. Raccoons may be hunted at night during the open season only when the hunter meets certain requirements (see "Raccoon hunting" under Laws Pertaining to Hunting Equipment).

7. Loaded firearm in motor vehicle. It is unlawful to have a loaded firearm in or on a motor vehicle or trailer, except as may be specifically allowed. (Note: A loaded clip may be carried in a motor vehicle, but it must **not** be inserted in a firearm).

a. Persons who hold a valid permit to carry a concealed weapon may carry a loaded **pistol** or **revolver**.

b. For purposes of this law, a muzzle-loading firearm is considered to be loaded **only** if charged with powder, lead and a primed ignition device or mechanism.

8. Illegal use of lights. (See section on illegal use of lights under Laws Pertaining to Hunting Equipment).

9. Hunting from motor vehicle. It is unlawful to hunt from or with any motor vehicle, trailer or motorboat, except that migratory waterfowl may be hunted from a motorboat in accordance with federal regulations. (Note: Paraplegics and single or double amputees of the legs may hunt from motor vehicles which are not in motion).

10. Wild birds. It is unlawful to hunt, kill, possess, transport, buy or sell any wild bird, including migratory game birds, except as provided in the fish and wildlife laws. It is also unlawful to take, possess or needlessly destroy the nest or eggs of any wild bird.

11. Sunday hunting. It is unlawful to hunt on Sunday. (Possession of firearms in the fields and forests or on the waters or ice of this State or in a motor vehicle being operated on an unpaved road located in an unorganized township on Sunday shall be prima facie evidence of hunting unless the firearm is carried, securely wrapped in a complete cover, fastened in a case, or carried in at least 2 separate pieces in such a manner that it cannot be fired unless the separate pieces are joined together again. For the purpose of this paragraph a clip, magazine, or cylinder of a firearm shall not be considered a piece of the firearm).

12. Hunting from paved way. It is unlawful to hunt from a paved way, including the right-of-way of controlled access highways. (**PAVED WAY** means any road treated with bituminous or concrete material). Possession of a loaded firearm within the limits of a paved way shall be prima facie evidence of hunting.

13. Shooting of domestic animals. It is unlawful for any person, while on a hunting trip, to negligently, carelessly, or willfully shoot and wound or kill any domestic animal or domestic bird.

14. Hunting rabbits during deer season. It is unlawful to hunt rabbits with dogs during the firearm season on deer in Hancock, Knox, Lincoln, Sagadahoc, Waldo and Washington Counties.

15. Hunting under the influence. It is unlawful to hunt while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs.

16. Shooting within 100 yards of dwelling. It is unlawful to discharge a firearm within 100 yards of residential dwelling without permission from the owner or occupant.

17. Firearms on school property. It is a violation of Title 20, Section 1015 to take loaded firearms onto public school grounds or discharge them within 500 feet of school property, except as used in supervised educational programs.

18. Hunting from tree stand. Maine law does not prohibit the use of tree stands for hunting purposes.

SUNRISE AND SUNSET

EASTERN S

Add one hour for Daylight Saving
the last Sunday in April and ends

DAY	JAN.		FEB.		MAR.		APR.		MAY		JUN
	Rise A.M.	Set P.M.	Rise A.M.	Set P.M.	Rise A.M.	Set P.M.	Rise A.M.	Set P.M.	Rise A.M.	Set P.M.	Rise A.M.
1	7 15	4 11	6 58	4 48	6 17	5 27	5 21	6 06	4 30	6 43	3 5
2	7 15	4 11	6 57	4 50	6 15	5 28	5 19	6 07	4 29	6 44	3 5
3	7 15	4 12	6 55	4 51	6 14	5 30	5 17	6 09	4 28	6 45	3 5
4	7 15	4 13	6 54	4 53	6 12	5 31	5 15	6 10	4 26	6 46	3 5
5	7 15	4 14	6 53	4 54	6 10	5 32	5 14	6 11	4 25	6 48	3 5
6	7 15	4 15	6 52	4 55	6 08	5 34	5 12	6 12	4 23	6 49	3 5
7	7 15	4 16	6 51	4 57	6 07	5 35	5 10	6 14	4 22	6 50	3 5
8	7 15	4 18	6 49	4 58	6 05	5 36	5 08	6 15	4 21	6 51	3 5
9	7 14	4 19	6 48	5 00	6 03	5 37	5 06	6 16	4 20	6 52	3 5
10	7 14	4 20	6 47	5 01	6 01	5 39	5 05	6 17	4 18	6 54	3 5
11	7 14	4 21	6 45	5 02	5 59	5 40	5 03	6 18	4 17	6 55	3 5
12	7 13	4 22	6 44	5 04	5 58	5 41	5 01	6 20	4 16	6 56	3 5
13	7 13	4 23	6 42	5 05	5 56	5 43	4 59	6 21	4 15	6 57	3 5
14	7 13	4 25	6 41	5 07	5 54	5 44	4 58	6 22	4 14	6 58	3 5
15	7 12	4 26	6 39	5 08	5 52	5 45	4 56	6 23	4 12	6 59	3 5
16	7 11	4 27	6 38	5 09	5 50	5 46	4 54	6 25	4 11	7 00	3 5
17	7 11	4 28	6 36	5 11	5 48	5 48	4 53	6 26	4 10	7 01	3 5
18	7 10	4 30	6 35	5 12	5 47	5 49	4 51	6 27	4 09	7 03	3 5
19	7 10	4 31	6 33	5 14	5 45	5 50	4 49	6 28	4 08	7 04	3 5
20	7 09	4 32	6 32	5 15	5 43	5 51	4 48	6 29	4 07	7 05	3 5
21	7 08	4 33	6 30	5 16	5 41	5 53	4 46	6 31	4 06	7 06	3 5
22	7 07	4 35	6 29	5 18	5 39	5 54	4 44	6 32	4 05	7 07	3 5
23	7 07	4 36	6 27	5 19	5 37	5 55	4 43	6 33	4 05	7 08	3 5
24	7 06	4 37	6 25	5 20	5 36	5 56	4 41	6 34	4 04	7 09	3 5
25	7 05	4 39	6 24	5 22	5 34	5 58	4 40	6 36	4 03	7 10	3 5
26	7 04	4 40	6 22	5 23	5 32	5 59	4 38	6 37	4 02	7 11	3 5
27	7 03	4 42	6 20	5 24	5 30	6 00	4 36	6 38	4 01	7 12	3 5
28	7 02	4 43	6 19	5 26	5 28	6 01	4 35	6 39	4 01	7 13	3 5
29	7 01	4 44	6 18	5 27	5 26	6 02	4 33	6 40	4 00	7 13	3 5
30	7 00	4 46			5 25	6 04	4 32	6 42	3 59	7 14	3 5
31	6 59	4 47			5 23	6 05			3 59	7 15	

This table is a photocopy of the
Almanac Office of the U.S. Navy
section 7001, subsections 34 and
of the 20th century.

AT AUGUSTA, MAINE

STANDARD TIME

Time, when in effect. It usually begins
on the last Sunday in October, each year.

	JULY			AUG.		SEPT.		OCT.		NOV.		DEC.	
Set P.M.	Rise A.M.	Set P.M.	Rise A.M.	Set P.M.	Rise A.M.	Set P.M.	Rise A.M.	Set P.M.	Rise A.M.	Set P.M.	Rise A.M.	Set P.M.	
16	3 59	7 27	4 26	7 04	5 02	6 16	5 37	5 20	6 16	4 29	6 55	4 01	
17	3 59	7 27	4 27	7 03	5 03	6 14	5 38	5 19	6 17	4 28	6 56	4 01	
18	4 00	7 27	4 28	7 02	5 04	6 12	5 39	5 17	6 19	4 26	6 57	4 01	
18	4 00	7 26	4 29	7 00	5 05	6 11	5 40	5 15	6 20	4 25	6 58	4 01	
19	4 01	7 26	4 30	6 59	5 06	6 09	5 41	5 13	6 21	4 24	6 59	4 00	
20	4 02	7 26	4 32	6 58	5 07	6 07	5 43	5 11	6 23	4 22	7 00	4 00	
21	4 02	7 25	4 33	6 56	5 09	6 05	5 44	5 10	6 24	4 21	7 01	4 00	
21	4 03	7 25	4 34	6 55	5 10	6 03	5 45	5 08	6 25	4 20	7 02	4 00	
22	4 04	7 24	4 35	6 54	5 11	6 01	5 46	5 06	6 27	4 19	7 03	4 00	
22	4 05	7 24	4 36	6 52	5 12	6 00	5 48	5 04	6 28	4 18	7 04	4 00	
23	4 05	7 23	4 37	6 51	5 13	5 58	5 49	5 02	6 29	4 17	7 05	4 00	
24	4 06	7 23	4 38	6 49	5 14	5 56	5 50	5 01	6 31	4 15	7 06	4 00	
24	4 07	7 22	4 40	6 48	5 15	5 54	5 51	4 59	6 32	4 14	7 07	4 00	
24	4 08	7 22	4 41	6 46	5 17	5 52	5 53	4 57	6 33	4 13	7 07	4 00	
25	4 09	7 21	4 42	6 45	5 18	5 50	5 54	4 56	6 35	4 12	7 08	4 01	
25	4 10	7 20	4 43	6 43	5 19	5 48	5 55	4 54	6 36	4 11	7 09	4 01	
26	4 11	7 19	4 44	6 41	5 20	5 47	5 56	4 52	6 37	4 11	7 10	4 01	
26	4 11	7 19	4 45	6 40	5 21	5 45	5 58	4 50	6 39	4 10	7 10	4 01	
26	4 12	7 18	4 46	6 38	5 22	5 43	5 59	4 49	6 40	4 09	7 11	4 02	
27	4 13	7 17	4 48	6 37	5 24	5 41	6 00	4 47	6 41	4 08	7 11	4 02	
27	4 14	7 16	4 49	6 35	5 25	5 39	6 01	4 46	6 43	4 07	7 12	4 03	
27	4 15	7 15	4 50	6 33	5 26	5 37	6 03	4 44	6 44	4 06	7 12	4 03	
27	4 16	7 14	4 51	6 32	5 27	5 35	6 04	4 42	6 45	4 06	7 13	4 04	
27	4 17	7 13	4 52	6 30	5 28	5 33	6 05	4 41	6 46	4 05	7 13	4 04	
27	4 18	7 12	4 53	6 28	5 29	5 32	6 07	4 39	6 48	4 04	7 14	4 05	
27	4 19	7 11	4 55	6 27	5 31	5 30	6 08	4 38	6 49	4 04	7 14	4 06	
27	4 21	7 10	4 56	6 25	5 32	5 28	6 09	4 36	6 50	4 03	7 14	4 06	
27	4 22	7 09	4 57	6 23	5 33	5 26	6 11	4 35	6 51	4 03	7 15	4 07	
27	4 23	7 08	4 58	6 21	5 34	5 24	6 12	4 33	6 52	4 02	7 15	4 08	
27	4 24	7 07	4 59	6 20	5 35	5 22	6 13	4 32	6 54	4 02	7 15	4 09	
	4 25	7 05	5 00	6 18			6 15	4 30			7 15	4 09	

Schedule furnished by the Nautical
Almanac is the official time referred to in
this table is valid for the remainder

19. Destruction of property. It is unlawful to tear down a fence or wall, destroy any crop or leave open any bars or gate on another person's land.

20. Littering. It is unlawful to dispose of litter anywhere in this State except in areas or receptacles designed for that purpose.

LAWS PERTAINING TO HUNTING EQUIPMENT

1. Legal methods. Wild animals and wild birds may be hunted only by the use of firearms (not larger than 10-gauge), or long bow and arrow, or by falconry.

2. Shotgun to be plugged. It is unlawful to hunt any migratory game bird with a shotgun originally capable of holding more than 3 shells unless the magazine has been cut off, altered, or plugged with a one-piece filler (incapable of removal without disassembling the gun), so as to reduce the capacity of the gun to not more than 3 shells in the magazine and chamber combined.

3. Crossbow. It is unlawful to hunt with a crossbow.

4. Automatic firearm (a firearm that continues to fire as long as the trigger is held back). It is unlawful to hunt with or possess any automatic firearm.

5. Auto-loading firearm (a firearm which reloads itself after each shot and requires a separate trigger pull for each shot). It is unlawful to hunt with or possess any auto-loading firearm which has a magazine capacity of more than 5 cartridges, unless the magazine has been **permanently altered** to contain not more than 5 cartridges. (Note: This provision does not apply to .22 caliber rim-fire guns or to auto-loading pistols with barrel lengths of less than 8 inches).

6. Silencer. It is unlawful to hunt with or possess any firearm fitted or contrived with any device for deadening the sound of the explosion.

7. Illegal cartridges. It is unlawful to use cartridges which contain tracer bullets or explosive bullets.

8. Illegal use of lights. From September 1 to December 15, it is unlawful to use artificial lights from ½ hour after sunset until ½ hour before sunrise to illuminate, jack, locate, attempt to locate or show up wild animals or wild birds, except raccoons as explained below.

9. Raccoon hunting. Raccoons may be hunted at night during the open season only when the hunter:

- a. is accompanied by a dog.
- b. uses an electric flashlight to locate raccoons that are treed, or held at bay, by a dog or dogs, and
- c. uses only a pistol or revolver of no greater power than one which uses .22 caliber long rifle ammunition.

10. Illegal devices. It is unlawful to hunt with the use of a swivel, pivot, or set gun, or any poisonous or stupefying substance.

11. Sale of illegal devices. It is unlawful to sell or offer for sale any swivel, pivot or set gun, or any poisonous substance for the taking of wild animals or wild birds, except rodenticide for orchard mouse control and gas cartridges for woodchuck control.

12. Bow and arrow hunting for deer. (See special archery equipment requirements under Bow and Arrow Hunting for Deer on page 21.)

MUNICIPAL FIREARM ORDINANCES

Several cities and towns in Maine have adopted local ordinances which restrict or prohibit the discharge of firearms. These ordinances have been enacted in the interest of public safety and usually apply only to heavily populated areas. Prior to hunting near thickly settled communities, hunters should check with local authorities concerning the possible existence of firearm ordinances.

LAWS PERTAINING TO DEER AND BEAR

FLUORESCENT ORANGE CLOTHING

Anyone who hunts with a firearm during the open firearm season on deer is required to wear an article of hunter orange clothing (fluorescent orange) which is in good and serviceable condition and which is visible from all sides. (Note: Waterfowl hunters who are hunting from a boat, blind, or in conjunction with waterfowl decoys are exempt from this requirement).

HUNTER ORANGE means a daylight fluorescent orange color with a dominant wave length between 595 and 605 nanometers, excitation purity not less than 85% and luminance factor of not less than 40%.

1. Limit on deer and bear. It is unlawful to take or possess more than one deer or more than one bear in any calendar year.

2. Tagging and registration requirements. Whenever a deer or bear is killed, the hunter who killed the animal is required by law to follow certain procedures:

- a. The hunter must immediately attach, securely, the appropriate tag portion of his hunting license to the deer or bear in such a way that the tag is plainly visible.
- b. Except as otherwise specified, the hunter who killed the deer or bear must accompany the animal whenever it is moved or transported, and the animal must be kept open to view at all times during transportation.
- c. Except as provided below, the hunter must, within 12 hours, present the deer or bear for registration at a game registration station —

Exceptions:

- (1) A person on a hunting trip in an unorganized township and staying at a temporary place of lodging may keep an unregistered deer at that temporary place of lodging for a period not to exceed 7 days or until he leaves the woods, whichever comes first. (Does not require warden notification).
- (2) A person may, if necessary, leave an unregistered deer or bear in the woods for more than 12 hours provided he notifies a warden as to the location of the deer or bear and the circumstances necessitating his leaving the animal in the woods.

- d. The deer or bear must be registered at the first open game registration station on the route taken by the hunter. (Note: See special provisions for deer taken by bow and arrow).
- e. The hunter who killed the deer or bear must register the animal in his own name.
- f. Prior to presenting a deer or bear for registration, it is unlawful for any person to possess, leave in the woods, or transport a deer or bear which does not have securely attached to it and plainly visible the appropriate tag portion of his hunting license bearing his full name and address.

3. False registration of deer or bear. It is unlawful for any hunter to present for registration or allow to be registered in his name a deer or bear which he did not lawfully kill.

4. Transportation of deer and bear by Residents.

- a. A Maine resident may transport a properly registered deer or bear within the State if he accompanies the animal, or he may have it transported without accompanying it by purchasing and attaching to the animal the appropriate transportation tag. (Fee is \$5. Obtainable from game wardens.)
- b. A Maine resident may transport a properly registered deer or bear out of State, or have it transported for him, by purchasing and attaching to the animal the appropriate transportation tag. (Fee is \$55, except that no fee is required of residents who are serving in the Armed Forces of the United States. Obtainable from game wardens.)

5. Transportation of deer and bear by Nonresidents.

- a. A nonresident, by virtue of his hunting license, may transport a properly registered deer or bear out of State if he accompanies the animal.
- b. A nonresident may also have his deer or bear transported by a transportation company.

c. A nonresident who has his deer or bear transported by anyone other than a Maine licensed transportation company must first obtain the appropriate non-resident transportation permit. (No fee. Obtainable from game wardens.)

6. Hunting deer or bear after having killed one. It is unlawful to hunt deer after having killed or registered one during the open season of that calendar year. The same provision applies to bear.

7. Illegal possession of deer or bear. Except as specified, it is unlawful to possess a deer or bear, or parts of a deer or bear which has not been registered.

8. Possession of gift deer or gift bear. It is unlawful for any person to possess any part of a deer or bear which has been given to him **unless** each part is plainly labeled with the name and address of:

- a. The person who registered the animal; and
- b. The party to whom it was given; and
- c. If transported by a 3rd party, the 3rd party.

9. Buying or selling deer or bear. It is unlawful to buy, sell, offer for sale, or barter a deer or bear or parts of a deer or bear. It is also unlawful to counsel or otherwise aid in buying, selling, offering for sale or bartering either of these animals or parts thereof. (Note: A person may sell the head or hide of any deer or bear which he lawfully possesses.)

10. Other provisions pertaining to deer.

- a. It is unlawful to place salt or any other bait or food to entice deer.
- b. It is unlawful to hunt deer with the use of dogs, artificial lights, snares, traps, pivot guns or set guns.
- c. It is unlawful to hunt deer with any firearm using .22 caliber rim fire cartridges, except that .22 caliber rim fire **magnum** cartridges are permitted.
- d. It is unlawful to drive deer or take part in a deer drive. (**TO DRIVE DEER** means to intentionally pursue, drive, chase or otherwise frighten or cause deer to move in the direction of any person or persons known to be waiting for the deer.)

11. Other provisions pertaining to bear.

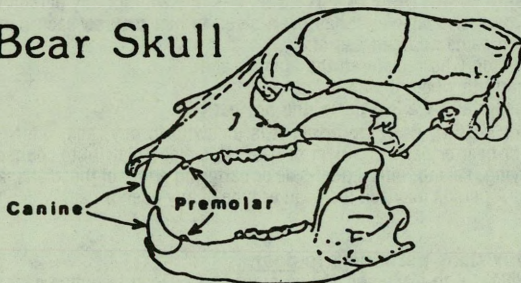
- a. It is unlawful to hunt for bear with the use of dogs during the open firearm season on deer.
- b. It is unlawful to use more than 4 dogs at any one time to hunt for bear.
- c. It is unlawful to hunt for bear within 200 feet of any dumping area located in any unorganized territory or plantation.
- d. It is unlawful to present a bear for registration which has been field dressed in such a manner that the sex of the animal cannot be determined.

12. Mandatory submission of bear tooth. Maine law requires that successful black bear hunters submit a premolar tooth from their bear at the time of registration. It is unlawful to register a bear without submitting this tooth. See instructions on next page.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR BEAR TOOTH REMOVAL

The premolar tooth (diagram below) is the small tooth located behind the big canine (fang) tooth. There are usually 4 premolar teeth, one behind each canine. Only one must be submitted when the bear is registered. The premolar tooth is easily removed. Pry with hunting knife, screwdriver or similar instrument between the canine and the premolar until it loosens. If it should break, try a second tooth. Teeth are most easily removed when the bear is freshly killed. The removal of premolar teeth does not detract from trophy mounting.

Bear Skull



BOW AND ARROW HUNTING FOR DEER

- a. An archery hunting license is required for persons 16 years of age or older to hunt with bow and arrow during the special archery season on deer.
- b. If a person takes a deer with a bow and arrow he is prohibited from hunting deer by any means for the remainder of the year.
- c. A person is not allowed to carry a firearm of any kind while hunting with bow and arrow during the special archery season on deer.
- d. Laws which allow persons to hunt without a license on their own land under certain conditions do **not** apply to archery hunting.
- e. Deer may be taken under the archery provisions only by means of hand bow and broad head arrow.
- f. The bow must be capable of shooting an arrow at least 150 yards.
- g. Arrow heads must be at least 7/8 inch in width.
- h. It is unlawful to use a crossbow or set bow or to use arrows with poisonous or explosive tips.
- i. All deer killed by bow and arrow during the special archery season on deer must be inspected and registered by a game warden.
- j. Except as specified, all other laws relating to the taking of deer shall apply to the taking of deer with bow and arrow.

GENERAL TRAPPING PROVISIONS

TO TRAP means to set, place or tend within the fields, forests or waters of the State any trap or device which is designed primarily to take, catch or kill wild animals.

1. Closed season. There is a closed season for the trapping of any species of wild animal or wild bird for which an open trapping season is not specifically provided.

2. Closed season violation. It is unlawful to trap any wild animal or wild bird during the closed season on that species or possess any wild animal or wild bird taken during the closed season on that species.

3. Unlawful conduct. It is unlawful to trap, possess or transport any wild animal or wild bird, or parts thereof, except as provided in the fish and wildlife laws.

4. Traps to be labeled. It is unlawful for a person to set any trap for wild animals without having the trap plainly labeled with his full name and address.

5. Written permission to trap. It is unlawful for any person to trap, except for beaver, on land in any organized or incorporated place, without first obtaining written permission from the owner or occupant. It is also unlawful for any person to trap, except for beaver, without written permission from the owner or occupant, on the following lands in unorganized places:

- a. cultivated or pasture land which is used for agricultural purposes and on which is located an occupied dwelling; and
- b. land within 200 yards of any occupied dwelling.

6. Traps to be visited in organized places. A person who traps in any organized or incorporated place is required to visit each trap at least once in every calendar day, except beaver sets, so-called.

7. Traps to be visited in unorganized places. A person who traps in any unorganized place is required to visit each trap at least once in every 72-hour period, except water sets and killer-type traps, so-called. (**WATER SET** means a trap so set that it is completely covered by water at all times.)

8. Animals to be removed. It is unlawful for a person to fail to remove any animal found caught in his trap.

9. Trapping in populated areas. It is unlawful for any person to trap outside his own land, within ½-mile of the compact, built-up portion of a city or village, except by the use of water sets, so-called, for mink and muskrat.

10. Trapping close to muskrat or beaver houses, etc. It is unlawful to place, set or tend any trap within:

- a. 25 feet of a muskrat den or house;
- b. 25 feet of a beaver house;
- c. 10 feet of a beaver dam; or
- d. 4 feet of a beaver trap which has been set by another trapper.

11. Beaver trapping by nonresident. It is unlawful for a nonresident to trap for beaver in this State.

12. Advance preparation. It is unlawful to make any advance preparation on the trapping grounds for the taking of beaver or muskrat previous to the open season on these animals.

13. Molesting muskrat or beaver house, etc. It is unlawful to damage, molest or destroy a beaver house, a muskrat house or den or a beaver dam.

14. Bear trap. It is unlawful to set a bear trap unless it is enclosed by 2 strands of wire, one 2 and one 4 feet from the ground. The wire must be held securely in position not less than 5 yards nor more than 10 yards from the enclosed trap.

The enclosure must be marked with signs bearing the words "BEAR TRAP" in letters at least 3 inches in height, and the signs must be spaced around the enclosure, securely attached to the top strand of wire, at intervals of not more than 20 feet. (Note: These provisions do not apply if cable traps are used.)

15. Eels for bait. Licensed trappers may obtain a permit from the Commissioner to take not more than 20 pounds of eels annually for use in baiting traps.

LAWS PERTAINING TO TRAPPING EQUIPMENT

1. Traps. Wild animals may be trapped with common ordinary steel traps or killer-type traps. (Note: Killer-type traps include the conibear trap, so called, and all other traps of that type.)

2. Killer trap restrictions. It is unlawful to use killer-type traps with a jaw spread greater than 5 inches, except as follows:

- a. Killer-type traps with a jaw spread of not over 8 inches may be used only if set completely under water or set at least 4 feet above the ground or snow.
- b. Killer-type traps with a jaw spread of over 8 inches may be used during the open season on beaver only if set completely under water.

3. Traps with teeth. It is unlawful, in Wildlife Management Units 4, 7 and 8, to use any trap with teeth on the jaws from the opening day of the trapping season to the opening day of the firearm season on deer unless the trap is completely covered by water.

4. Auxiliary teeth. It is unlawful to use auxiliary teeth on any leg-hold trap set on dry land.

5. Cable trap. Cable traps with a closing diameter of not less than 2½ inches may be used in trapping for bear.

6. Pole trap. It is unlawful to use any steel trap on the top of a pole, constituting a device known as a "pole trap," for the purpose of catching wild birds.

7. Snares. It is unlawful to trap with the use of snares, or to sell or advertise for sale any snare.

TRANSPORTATION AND TAGGING

1. Transportation of game by resident. Any resident may transport to his home any wild animal or wild bird which he has killed and which is legally in his possession.

2. Transportation of game by nonresident. Any nonresident may transport or have transported to his home by common carrier any wild animal or wild bird which he has killed and which is legally in his possession.

3. Open to view and accompanied. Any wild animal or wild bird transported shall be open to view and accompanied by the person who killed that animal or bird, except that a wild animal or wild bird transported for nonresidents by common carrier need not be accompanied by the owner. (See special provisions under Laws Pertaining to Deer and Bear.)

4. Unlawful transportation. It is unlawful to transport or offer for transportation any wild animal or wild bird except as provided in the fish and wildlife laws.

5. Transportation in closed season. It is unlawful to transport any wild animal or wild bird in closed season, except that any person who has taken any wild animal or wild bird in open season shall have a reasonable time after the beginning of the closed season to transport that animal or bird to his home.

6. Furbearers to be tagged. The raw skin of any beaver, bobcat, coyote, fisher, fox, marten, mink, otter or raccoon must be presented to a warden or other agent of the Commissioner for tagging. All information requested concerning each skin must be reported truthfully and accurately. A fee of 25¢ must be paid for each skin tagged.

7. Fur to be tagged within certain time. The raw skins of the above named species must be presented for tagging within 10 days after the close of the open season on that species, except that the raw skin of bobcats taken during the **hunting** season must be presented for tagging within 72 hours of the time the animal was killed. (Note: Of the nine furbearing species which require tagging, only bobcat, coyote, fox and raccoon may be taken by **hunting**).

8. Mandatory submission of bobcat carcasses. The carcass of each bobcat taken by hunting or trapping must be submitted to an agent of the Commissioner for age and sex determination prior to or at the time the pelt is tagged. (Note: If requested, the carcass will be returned to the hunter or trapper following collection of the necessary data).

9. Possession of untagged fur. It is unlawful to possess, sell, give away, buy, accept as a gift, offer for transportation or transport the raw skin of any beaver, bobcat, coyote, fisher, fox, marten, mink, otter or raccoon unless each skin is tagged.

10. Imported fur. The raw skins of the above named species which are imported from any other state, country or province must bear the official stamp, tag or seal of that state, country or province. If that state, country or province requires no official stamp, tag or seal, each imported skin must be tagged in this State by the person in possession in the same manner as described in #6 above. (Note: Raw skins imported by taxidermists solely for taxidermy purposes need not be tagged.)

CLOSED AREAS

1. Deer. There is a closed season on deer in the following areas:

- a. Mt. Desert Island, all of Swan Island in the town of Swan's Island, all of Long Island in Long Island Plantation and all of Cranberry Isles — all located in Hancock County;
- b. Cross and Scotch Islands — located in Washington County;
- c. The town of Isle au Haut and islands within that town — located in Knox County; and
- d. In wildlife sanctuaries, unless otherwise provided.

2. Islesboro. In the town of Islesboro, Waldo County, it is lawful to hunt deer **only** with bow and arrow from October 1 through the regular firearm season on deer in Waldo County.

3. Southport and Vinalhaven. In the towns of Southport (Lincoln County) and Vinalhaven (Knox County), and on all islands within these towns, it is lawful to hunt deer with shotguns **only**, during the regular firearm season established for Lincoln County and Knox County respectively.

4. Prout's Neck; Richmond's Island; Cape Elizabeth Sanctuary. Approximately 1,600 acres of this sanctuary (land in Cape Elizabeth owned by Sprague Corporation) is open to deer hunting with bow and arrow only during the special archery and regular firearm seasons established for Cumberland County. (Note: Landowner permission required.)

5. Marsh Island. The Marsh Island Wildlife Management Area in Penobscot County is open to the trapping of wild animals during the open seasons.

6. Townships closed to trapping. Richardsontown Township (T4R1 WBKP) in Oxford County and T42MD, BPP in Washington County are closed to all trapping except by the use of water sets as defined under "General Trapping Provisions" on page 22.

7. Hunting and trapping on wildlife sanctuary. Unless otherwise specifically provided, it is unlawful to hunt or trap any wild animal or wild bird or possess any fire-arm or bow and arrow within the limits of any wildlife sanctuary, or on any area properly posted by the State of Maine.

8. Game sanctuaries and wildlife management areas. Unless otherwise specifically provided, it is unlawful to hunt or trap any wild animal or wild bird within the following described territories:

Back Bay Sanctuary, Portland
Baxter State Park closed to all hunting with the following exceptions: The area north of Trout Brook and Wadleigh Brook in T6R9; in T6R10 or T2R9 where hunting under General Law is allowed.

Beauchamp Sanctuary
Carver's Pond Waterfowl Sanctuary

Colby College Area, Waterville
Drake's Island Game Sanctuary

Dry Pond Sactuary

Fairfield Sanctuary

Glencove Sanctuary

Gray Game Sanctuary

Hog Island Game Sanctuary

Jefferson and Whitefield Sanctuary

Kineo Point Sanctuary

Lake Christopher Area, Oxford County

Limington, Hollis, and Waterboro Sanctuary

Long Lake Area, Aroostook County

Lowell E. Barnes Area, Oxford County

Marsh Island Area, Penobscot County (see exception above)

Megunticook Lake and Vicinity Sanctuary

Merrymeeting Bay Sanctuary
Monroe Island Game Sanctuary
Moosehead Lake Game Sanctuary
Moosehorn Game Sanctuary
Narragansett Game Sanctuary
Oak Grove Area, Vassalboro
Ocean Park Game and Bird Sanctuary

Orrington Game Sanctuary

Pittston Farm Sanctuary

Prout's Neck; Richmond's Island; Cape Elizabeth Sanctuary (see exception above)

Rangeley Game Sanctuary in the County of Franklin

Rangeley Lake Sanctuary

Rangeley Plantation Sanctuary

Readfield and Winthrop Sanctuary

Salmon Pond Sanctuary

Sebago Lake Basin Area, Standish and Windham

Somerset Game Sanctuary

Standish Sanctuary

Thorncrag-Stanton Bird Sanctuary

Tomhegan Game Sanctuary

Wells Sanctuary

Wells and York Game Sanctuary

Willow Water Game Sanctuary

York Game Sanctuary in the County of Franklin

9. Gray squirrels. It is unlawful to hunt gray squirrels on any land which is dedicated as a public or private park or on any land located within the limits of the compact or built-up portion of any city or town.

10. Haley Pond. It is unlawful to hunt waterfowl on Haley Pond in the Town of Rangeley and Dallas Plantation, Franklin County.

11. Unity Utilities District. It is unlawful to hunt on the Unity Utilities District property located on Route #139 and Prairie Road in Unity, Waldo County.

HUNTING ON LANDS UNDER JURISDICTION OF THE BUREAU OF PARKS & RECREATION

General hunting is allowed between October 1 and May 1 on lands under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Parks and Recreation with the following exceptions:

1. Hunting is not allowed in any Memorial.
2. Hunting is not allowed in Cobscook Bay, Crescent Beach, Reid, Sebago Lake, Two Lights and Wolf Neck state parks.
3. Hunting is not allowed in Holbrook Island Sanctuary.
4. Work areas and areas developed for public use will be posted and closed to hunting from time to time in the interest of public safety.

LAWS PERTAINING SPECIFICALLY TO JUVENILES

1. Hunting prohibited. Persons under 10 years of age are not allowed to hunt at any time.

2. Hunters to be accompanied. Persons 10 years of age or older and under 16 must be accompanied, at all times while **hunting**, by a parent or an approved adult who is at least 18 years of age.

3. Junior hunting license. Persons at least 10 years of age and under 16 years of age are eligible for a junior hunting license.

- a. A **resident** junior hunting license allows the hunting of all legal species.
- b. A **nonresident** junior hunting license allows the hunting of all legal species, except deer and bear with firearms.

4. Trapping without license. Persons under 10 years of age are allowed to trap without a license.

5. Trappers to be accompanied. Persons under 10 years of age must be accompanied, at all times while **trapping**, by a parent or an approved adult who is at least 18 years of age.

6. Licenses issued to 15 year olds. Trapping and hunting licenses purchased by juveniles who have passed their 15th birthday are valid **throughout** the year for which the license was issued.

ASSAULT WHILE HUNTING

It is a violation of the **criminal laws** of Maine for any person, while in pursuit of wild animals or wild birds, to cause death or injury to another person through the negligent use of a dangerous weapon.

AIDING ACCIDENT VICTIMS AND REPORTING ACCIDENTS

Any person who knows or has reason to believe that he has inflicted injury to another person by the use of firearms or bow and arrow is required to make himself known to the victim and render such first aid and assistance as he is capable of under the circumstances. He is also required to report the incident, by the quickest means, to a game warden or other law enforcement officer.

A WARNING ABOUT HUNTING ACCIDENTS

Fatal accidents frequently involve experienced hunters, who may be over-anxious to bag their deer or other game. These accidents are classified under the heading "Mistaken Identity." There isn't any need for them to occur if every hunter will wait until he is sure of his target. Experienced hunters usually hit what they aim at, and when human lives are at stake, they should be absolutely certain they are shooting only at game.

NOTICE TO DOG OWNERS

- A. It is unlawful for any dog to run at large at any time, except when used for hunting. (AT LARGE means off the premises of the owner and not under the control of any person by means of personal presence or attention.)
- B. It is unlawful for any dog to chase, wound or kill a deer or moose at any time or any other wild animal in closed season.

DOG TRAINING SEASON

Dogs may be trained on foxes, rabbits and raccoons from August 1st through the following April 30th. While training dogs during this period (except during the open hunting season on these species), it is unlawful to use or possess a firearm other than a pistol loaded with blank ammunition.

TRESPASSING

It is unlawful to trespass on private property after having been advised not to do so by the property owner either by word of mouth or by conspicuously posted signs.

The department encourages sportsmen to seek owner permission before entering upon private property.

TAGGING OF FROZEN SKINS

It is almost impossible to insert a fur tag into a frozen skin unless certain steps have been taken prior to freezing. If there is any possibility that your furbearer skins will be frozen at the time they are presented for tagging (whether skinned or in the round) would you please insert a popsicle stick, tongue depressor, or similar object from the mouth hole through one of the eye holes prior to freezing. Removal of the stick or other object at the time of tagging allows the fur tag to be easily inserted in the skin without the need for partial thawing.

Tagging agents may refuse to tag frozen skins which have not been prepared as requested above.

RACCOON TAGGING STATIONS

Raccoon tagging stations are located throughout the State. To determine the location of a raccoon tagging station in your area, call the nearest Warden Headquarters. (Toll free numbers are listed on page 2.)

BIG BUCK CLUB — SKULL AND ANTLER TROPHY CLUB

Maine has a club for deer hunters, called "The Biggest Bucks in Maine Club", which is sponsored by THE MAINE SPORTSMAN (Box 507, Yarmouth, Maine 04096). To qualify, a hunter must shoot a buck weighing at least 200 pounds (field dressed). Application blanks are available from Department wardens and biologists.

In addition, any hunter who takes a trophy deer, bear or moose may wish to obtain information concerning The Maine Skull and Antler Trophy Club. Inquiries should be addressed to Richard P. Arsenault, The Maine Skull and Antler Trophy Club, RR #5, Box 190, Gorham, Maine 04038.

FEDERAL EXPORT PERMIT

Federal law requires an export permit for any transportation of otter and bobcat or parts thereof to points outside the United States. For further information and permit applications, write: Federal Wildlife Permit Office, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, Washington, D.C. 20240.

**The poacher is a thief.
Help us catch him.**

**1983-1984
HUNTING AND TRAPPING LICENSE FEES
(Subject to change January 1, 1984)**

RESIDENT

Hunting (16 and older)	9.00
Combination Hunting and Fishing (16 and older)	16.00
Junior Hunting (10 to 15 years inclusive)	1.00
Combination Hunting and Fishing (70 and older)	free
Combination Fishing and Archery Hunting (16 and older)	16.00
Serviceman (resident) Combination Hunting and Fishing	5.00
Disabled War Veteran (resident)	free
Archery Hunting (16 and older)	9.00
Trapping (16 and older)	25.00
Trapping (70 and older)	free
Junior Trapping (10 to 15 years inclusive)	5.00
Guide (18 and older)	34.00
Resident deer or bear transportation tag (in-state)	5.00
Resident deer or bear transportation tag (out-of-state)	55.00

NONRESIDENT

Big Game Hunting (10 years and older)	65.00
Combination Hunting and Fishing (16 and older)	87.00
Small Game Hunting (16 and older)	35.00
Junior Small Game Hunting (10 to 15 years inclusive)	15.00
Archery Hunting (16 and older)	35.00
Guide (18 and older)	130.00
Trapping (any age)	300.00

ALIEN

Big Game Hunting (10 and older)	105.00
Combination Hunting and Fishing (10 and older)	140.00
Small Game Hunting (16 and older)	50.00
Archery Hunting (16 and older)	50.00
Guide (18 and older)	155.00

OTHER FEES

Duplicate license	1.00
Pheasant Hunting Stamp	5.25
Breeder	15.00
Hide dealer (resident)	50.00
Hide dealer (nonresident)	100.00
Taxidermist	9.00
Deer or bear registration	1.00

NOTE: Above prices do not include the \$1. agent fee.

INDIAN TERRITORY

As a result of the Maine Indian Claims Settlement Act of 1980, lands purchased by the Penobscot Indian Nation and the Passamaquoddy Tribe within certain designated areas of the State are classified as Indian territory and are given "special" legal status. The Penobscot Nation and the Passamaquoddy Tribe, within their respective Indian territories, have exclusive authority to regulate hunting and trapping. At the time of this publication, parcels of Indian territory had been acquired within the following areas:

PENOBSCOT NATION

In Franklin County — Alder Stream Twp.

In Penobscot County — T2R9 NWP (western portion), T3R9 NWP (eastern portion), T6R8 WELS (western portion), Argyle Twp. (northern portion) and T3R1 NBPP (northeastern portion). (Note: These areas will be conspicuously posted as Indian Territory).

PASSAMAQUODDY TRIBE

In Hancock County — T4ND

In Washington County — T5ND, BPP

In Penobscot County — T5R1, NBPP

Anyone wishing to hunt or trap on Indian territory should contact the appropriate Indian agency for further information:

Penobscot Indian Nation
Dept. of Natural Resources
Old Town, Maine 04468
(Phone #827-7776 Ext. 230)

OR

Passamaquoddy Fish and Game Dept.
Box 301
Princeton, Maine 04668
(Phone #796-3501 Ext. 219)